





- Aortic stenosis mainly affects people 65 and older due to
  ¬g^@s~q^~i g^{gs³} f³s{i³a¢~²rk¸^{,k {k^Ák²¬Ů!{²r¢³qr}} age-related AS usually begins after age 60, symptoms may ~¢²ik\_k{¢ap¢0 »k^0¬Û
- Across the world, AS may result from having rheumatic fever i 3 %~q grs{i r ¢¢ i ù
- The most common cause of AS in young people is a birth i kpkg² g^{{ki ^ őfsg³^asi ^¢0²sg ,^{,klöPrk~¢0} ^{^¢0²sg ,^{,klöPrk~¢0} } ^{^¢0²sg ,^{,k r^^2r0kkk¬³^{î-\$%ki {k^Ák²^¢0g³^a-ù}! fsg³^asi ^¢0²sg ,^{,k r^^21¢ {k^Ák²^ù}}

- Symptoms of aortic stenosis may include:
- Chest pain caused by exertion and relieved by rest
- M^asiÚÁ<sup>322</sup>k®s~q rk^®²fk^²

- · Trouble breathing or feeling short of breath
- Feeling dizzy or light-headed, even fainting
- 6~g0k^~ki ispÀg3{2>> 2¢{k0^2s~q kok0gs~k
- Swollen ankles or feet
- ,  $sp \dot{A} g^3 \{^2 \Rightarrow ^- \{kk^a \} q \ c \ -kk \ i \ s q \ ^2 \ c \ ^- \{kk^a \ ^- S^2 \} q \ ^3 \ a$
- Decline in activity level or reduced ability to do normal activities

Infants and children who have AS due to a birth defect may display symptoms such as:

- Fatigue upon exertion in children
- Fussiness in infants
- · Failure to gain weight
- · Poor or inadequate feeding
- Breathing problems, including rapid breathing

(continued)